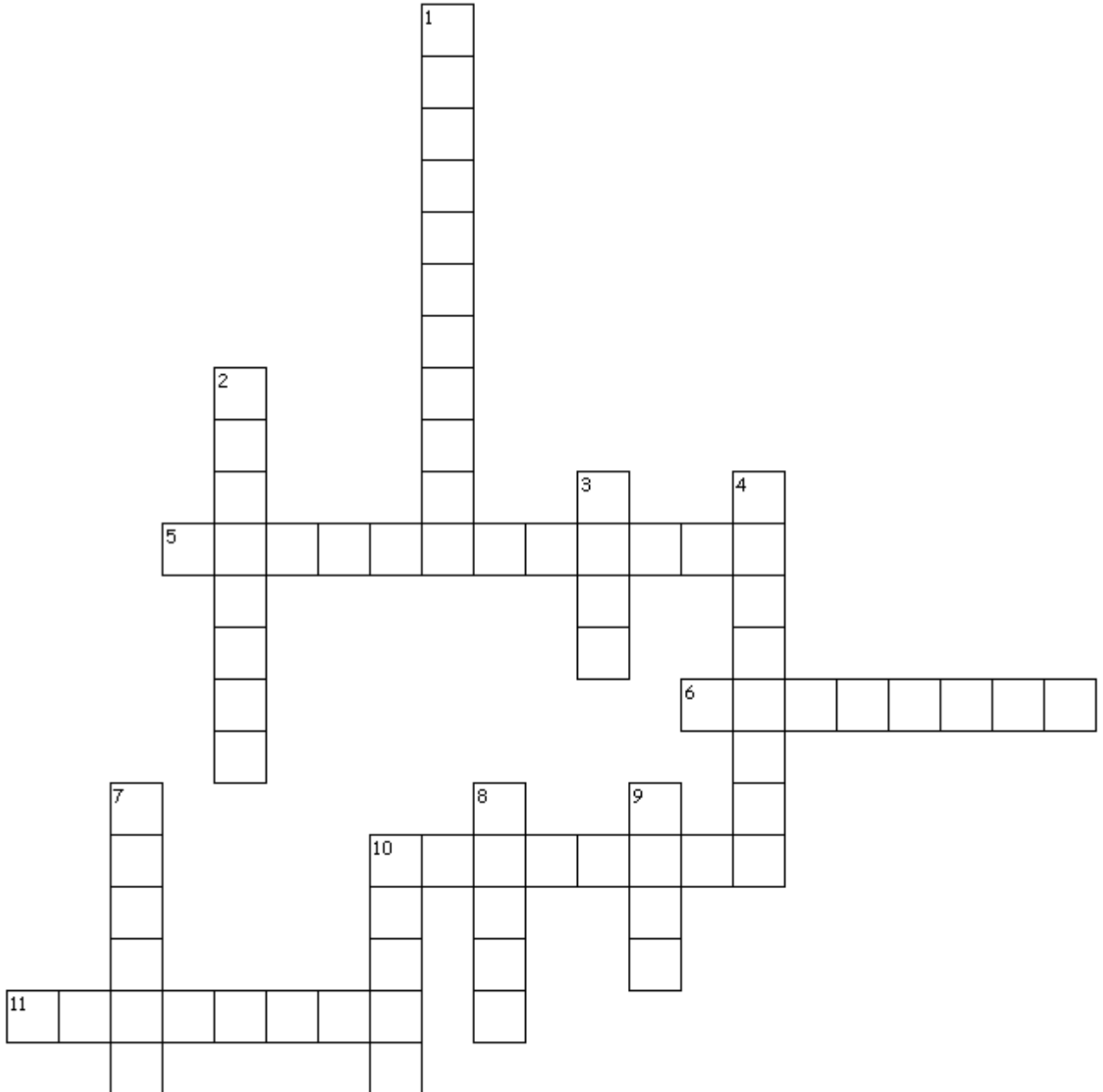


Roman Government

Directions: Complete the following crossword puzzle. You may use your notes from Assignment 6C1 to help you complete it.



Across

5. ___ took control of Rome and declared himself dictator for life.
6. When Octavian took control of the Roman Empire, the Roman people began calling him Caesar ___, which means he was a god in their eyes.
10. The ___ could not stand the idea of losing their power to Julius Caesar, so they murdered him in 44 BC.
11. Julius Caesar's nephew and adopted son, ___, fought a brutal civil war against Lepidus, Mark Anthony, and Cleopatra to gain control of the Roman Empire after his uncle's death.

Down

1. The ___ or rich people of Rome wanted more power, so they convinced the poor people of Rome to fight for them to overthrow their king, Tarquin the Proud.
2. This is a representative democracy. In it, citizens vote for representatives who vote to make laws on their behalf.
3. This is a Latin word which means "I forbid," and is the power to strike down a law.
4. The Senate was forced to allow the poor people of Rome to elect ___ from the ranks of the poor. They could veto any law which they felt was bad for the poor.
7. The oligarchy that the aristocrats set up after the kings were ousted was called the Roman ___.
8. Octavian was careful not to ___ the aristocrats, so he did not call himself dictator as Julius Caesar had. Instead, he called himself "First Citizen."
9. To force the aristocrats to give them a say in their government, the poor moved outside the city of Rome and refused to ___.
10. The Mob forced the aristocrats to write the laws of Rome in ___ so they could not change them.